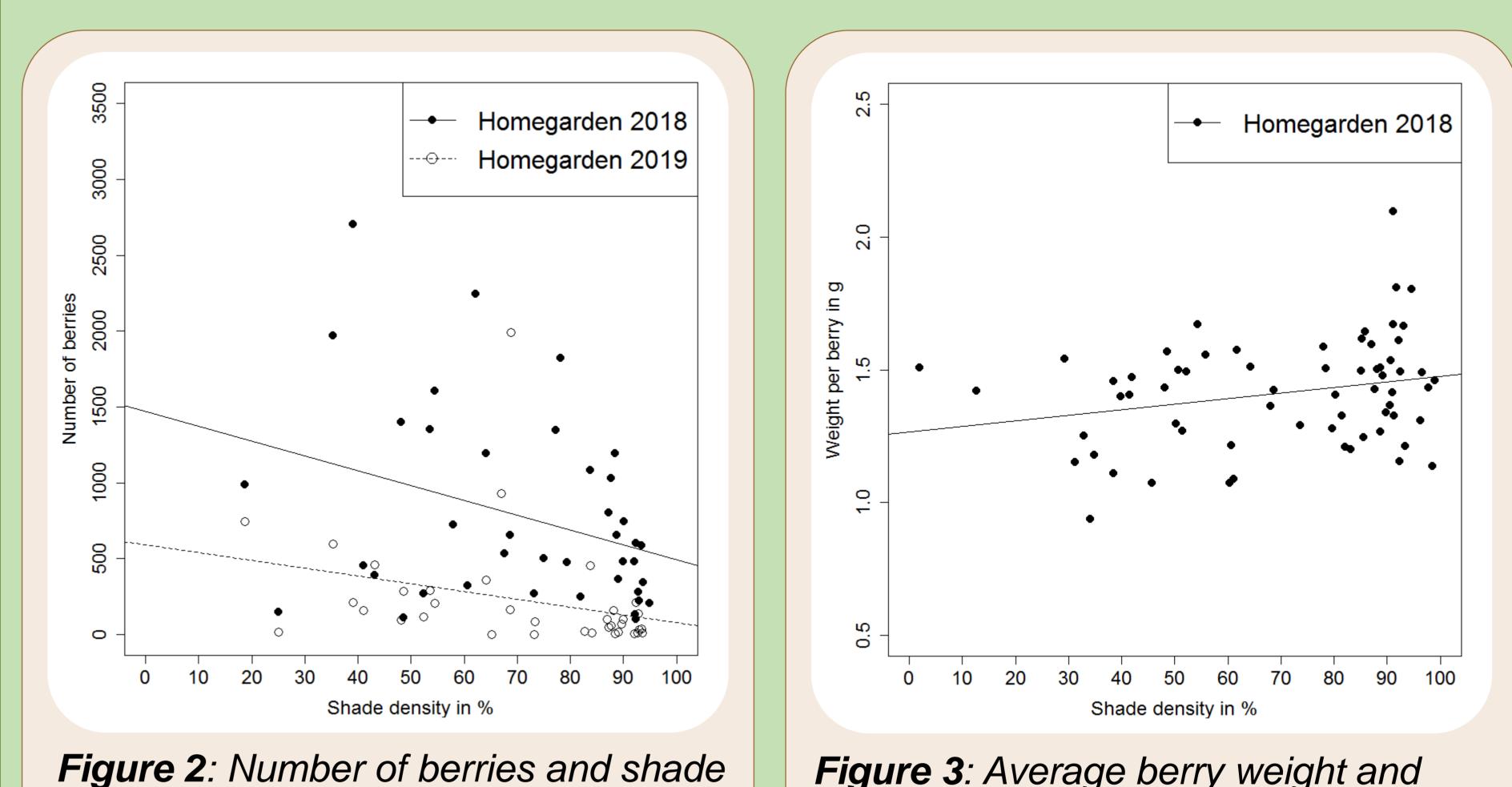
How does shade influence coffee production? Trade-offs between yield and quality



1. Background

- Tanzania aims to improve coffee production¹
- Climate change poses a significant threat to coffee production²
- Shade may reduce some of the impacts of climate change³

4. Results



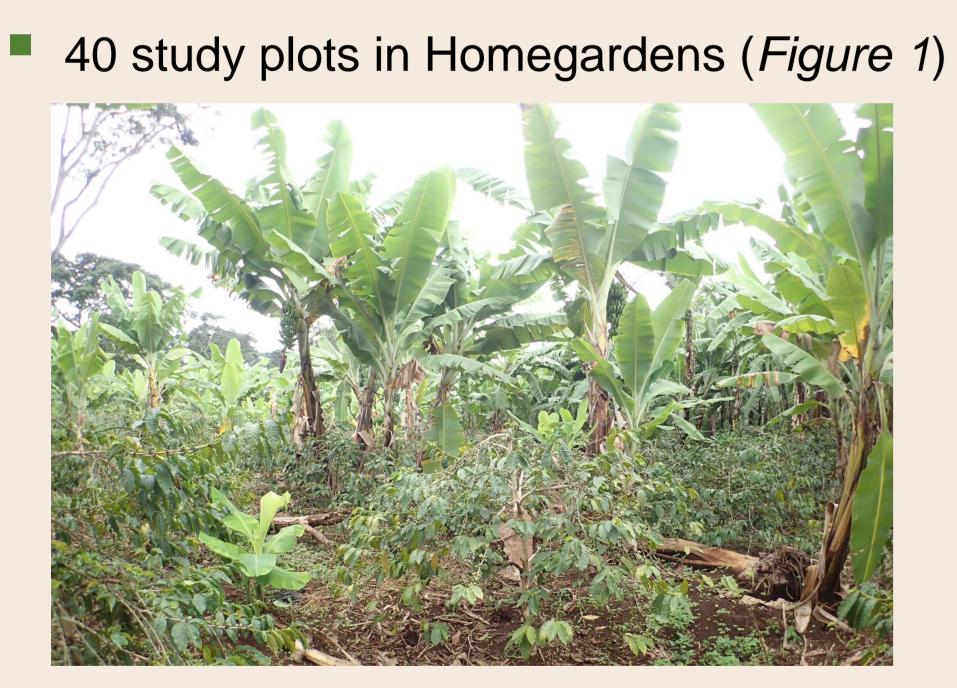
2. Justification

- High shade density reduces yield⁴
- On the other hand, shade trees might improve coffee quality and bean size⁵
- Small-scale production might be especially sensitive to these trade-offs
- The aim of this study is to evaluate the effect of shade density on coffee yield and quality in Homegardens at Mt. Kilimanjaro

Figure 3: Average berry weight and shade density are positively correlated. (0.25, P = 0.044)



3. Methods



- Figure 1: Homegarden at Mt. Kilimanjaro
- A range of shade density (15-95%)
- The total number of berries per plant counted to estimate yield
- Red berries harvested, weighed and opened to record number of beans and bean quality
- Correlations and regressions between shade density and response variables calculated

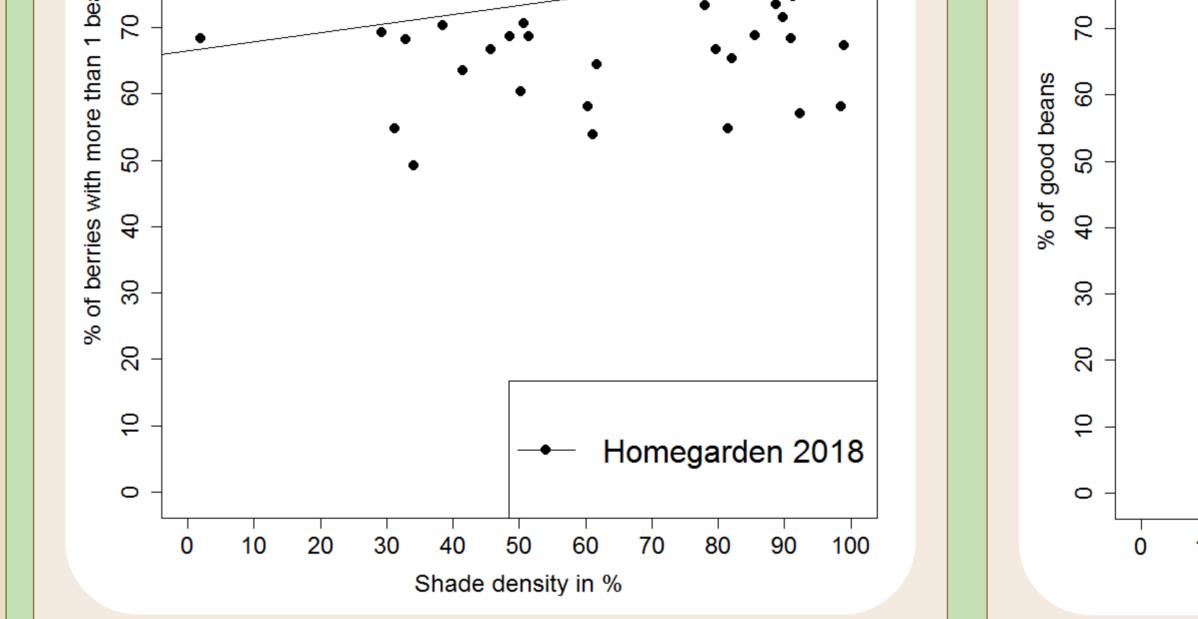


Figure 4: Proportion of berries with more than one bean and shade density are positively correlated. (0.29, P = 0.017)

density are negatively correlated.

(2018: -0.34, P = 0.035; 2019: -0.30, P = 0.072)

--- Homegarden 2018 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 Shade density in %

Figure 5: Proportion of good quality beans (high density and good colour) and shade density are positively correlated. (0.30, P = 0.015)

2018 was an extremely wet year in the Kilimanjaro region. Farmers reported that shade is usually more beneficial during drought conditions. That notwithstanding, a positive effect of shade on quality was observed (*Figure 3-5*).

5. Conclusions

Shade density:

- Decreases yield (number of berries)
- Increases quality (weight per berry, proportion of berries with more than one bean, proportion of good quality beans)

Under climate change it will be essential to consider positive and negative effects of shade

References

¹ Tanzania Coffee Board, 2012. Tanzania Coffee Industry Development Strategy 2011/2021
² Craparo, et al., 2015. Agric For Meteorol, 1–10; 10.1016/j.agrformet.2015.03.005
³ Lin, 2007. Agric For Meteorol, 85–94; 10.1016/j.agrformet.2006.12.009
⁴ Soto-pinto, et al., 2000. Agriculture, Ecosystems & Environment, 61–69; doi.org/10.1016/S0167-8809(00)00134-1
⁵ Vaast, et al., 2006. J. Sci. Food Agric, 197–204; 10.1002/jsfa.2338

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