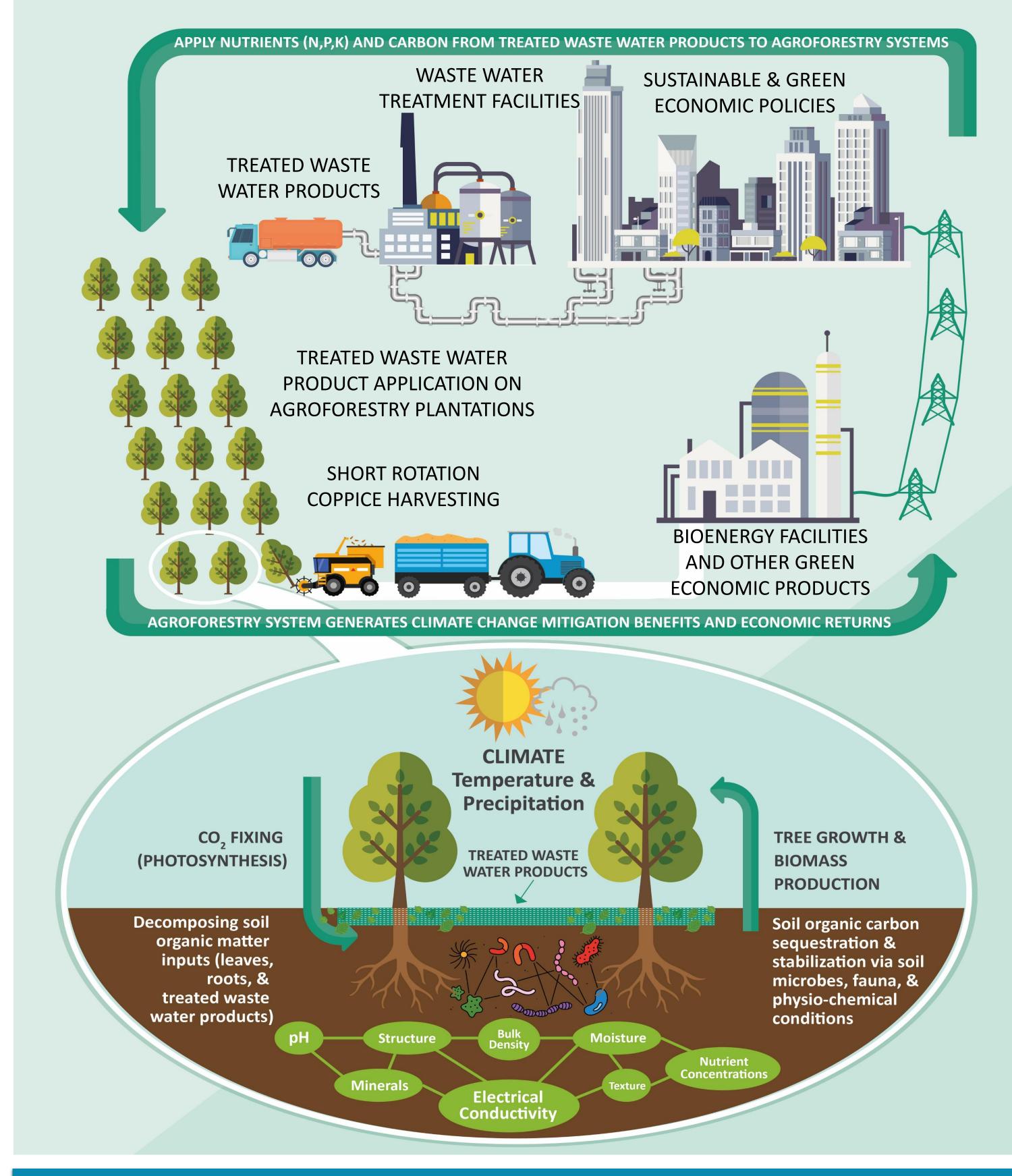
WISDOM: A Biophysical & Economic Systems Model for Short Rotation Coppice (SRC) Agroforestry Management

1. SHORT ROTATION COPPICE + WWP SYSTEMS ARE

Tools For Converting Wastes to Resources

- Manage treated domestic wastewater products (WWP) with short rotation coppice (SRC) agroforestry plantations
- Restore marginal agricultural land, and
- Produce sustainable wood fibre

Part of Complex Socio-Ecological Systems

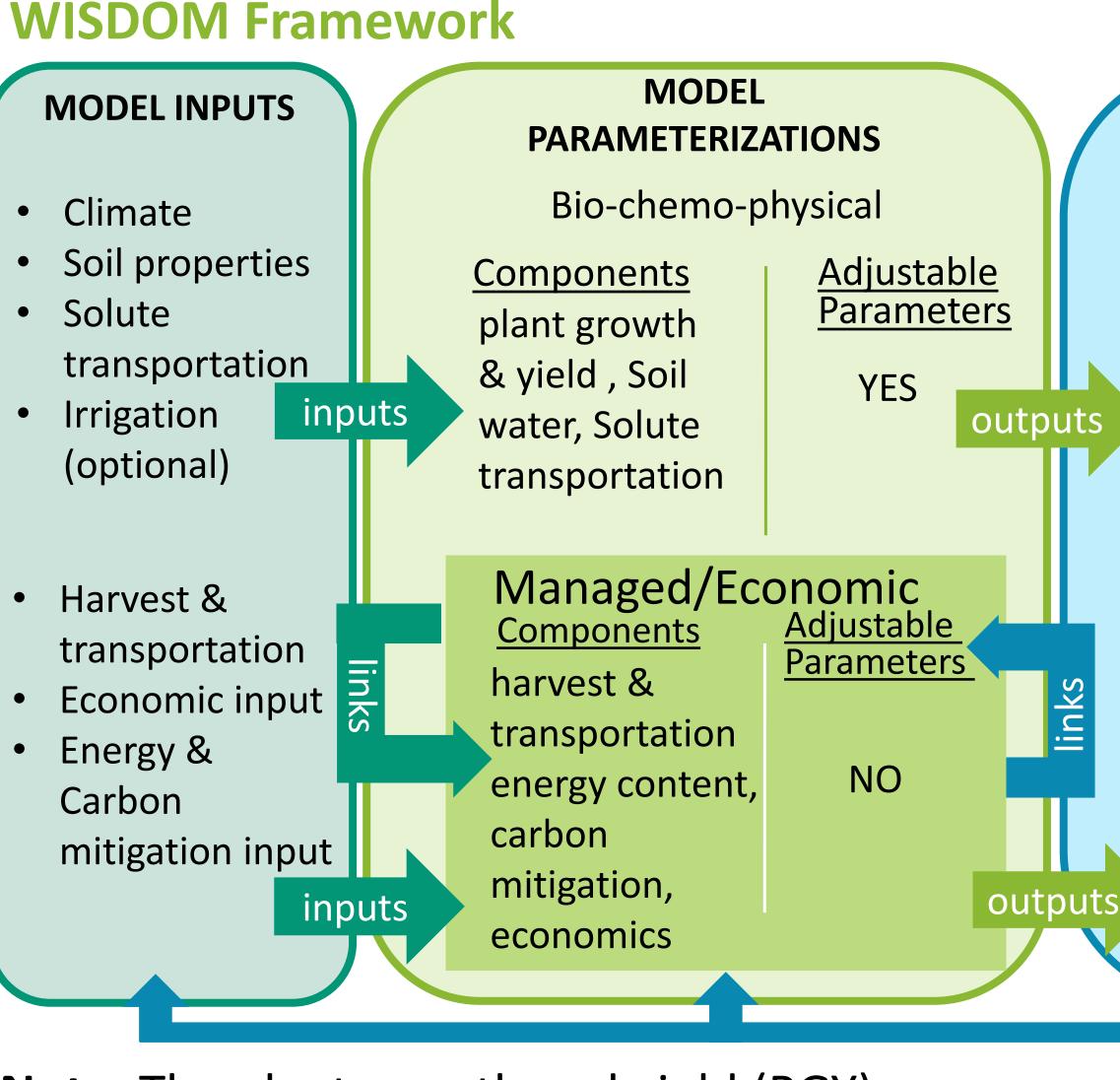


Comprehensive Decision-Support Model for SRC Systems

Uses system dynamics modelling approach to simulate inputs and crop growth

2. "WISDOM" THE WILLOW SYSTEM DYNAMICS MODEL

- Provides a method to identify and understand interactions and feedbacks between various system components including;
- System Inputs: SRC cultivar, WWP characteristics & application rates, irrigation rates
- Environmental Factors: Climate, soil characteristics (physical & chemical), SRC establishment and growth rates
- Social Factors: Regulations, policies, economic scenarios, and carbon offset revenue opportunities
- Aids stakeholders and decision-makers in long-term planning for environmentallyand economically-sustainable SRC+WWP plantations



MODEL OUTPUTS

- Simulate biomass growth(oven dry tonnes/hectare (ODT/ha))
- Monthly shoots, leaves, and root biomass
- Mass of woodchips (ODT) produced
- Simulate soil water balance
- Calculate irrigation required (mm/month)
- Simulate solute transport (1-D vertical)
 - Soil Electrical Conductivity /total dissolved solids /Chloride
 - Soil NO₃-N/PO₄³⁻ /Available Phosphorus
- Support harvesting and transporting processes: economics
- Estimate energy content and carbon mitigation: biofuels
- Analyze SRC project economy: yearly cash flow, Internal Rate of Return, Net Present Value

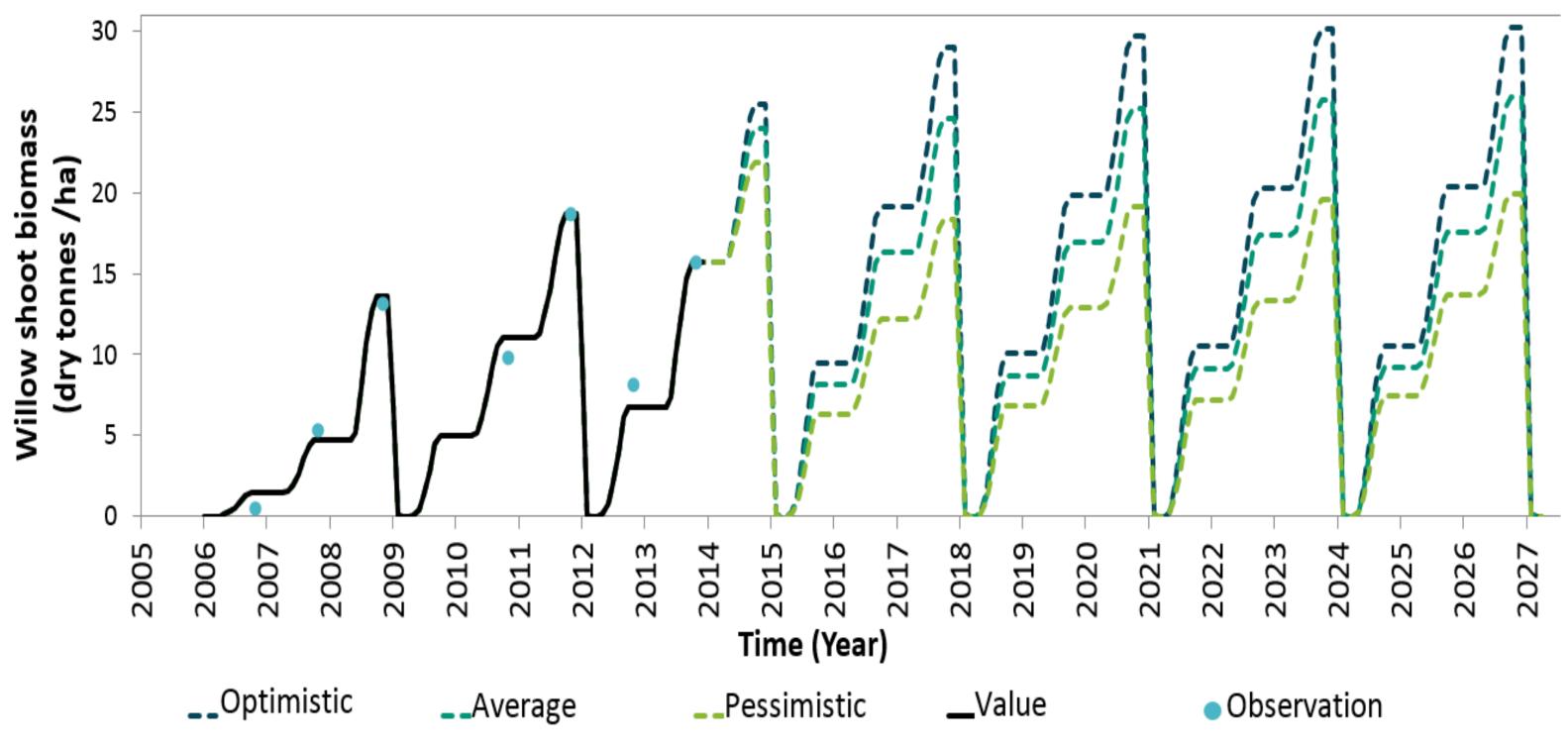
Note: The plant growth and yield (PGY) component was developed based on **3-PG** (Landsberg and Sands, 2011), the economic assessment component was primarily based on **"Ecowillow**" (Buchholz and Volk, 2010), and the harvest-transport component was mainly based on the **"KUP-Ernteplaner**", a German harvest-support tool (CREFF, 2012)

3. WISDOM PERFORMANCE

WISDOM SRC System Parameters & Performance

- SRC + WWP plantation established in Alberta in 2006
- Two 3-year-rotation biomass harvest events (2008 and 2011)
- Eight years of data collection (2006-2013)
- Based on the Nash-Sutcliffe efficiency statistical test close matches were observed between simulated and observed values for biomass production (R² = 0.98), tree height (R²= 0.92), and soil electrical conductivity (R² = 0.90)

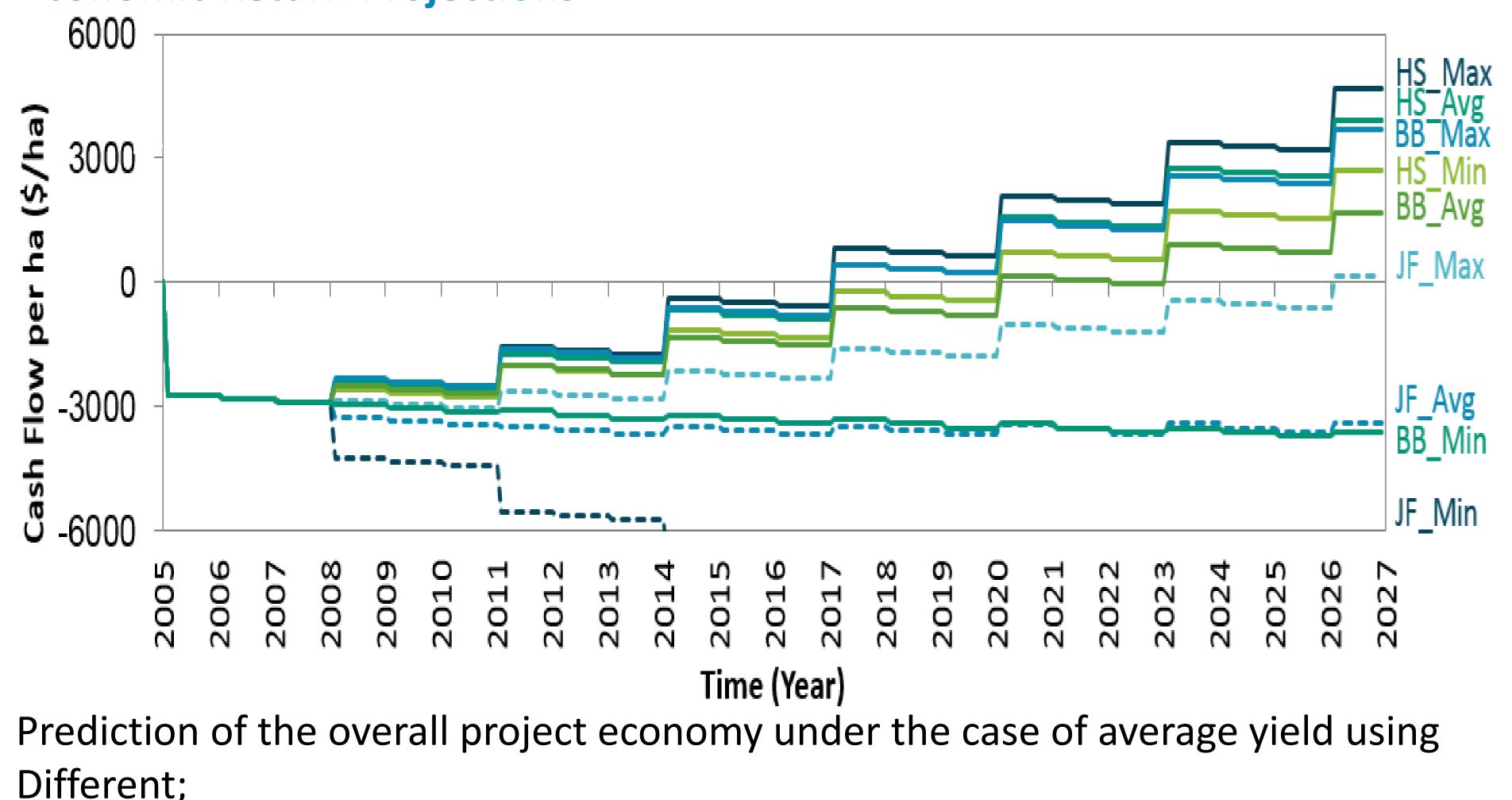
Biomass Production Projections



WISDOM Projections

 Three different climate and nine yield-harvest economic scenarios were run to predict different aspects of the SRC+WWP system and project life cycle assessment outcomes 20 years into the future

Economic Return Projections



Biomass production predictions for 7 complete rotation cycles

- Harvesters: JF = JF-192, HS = Class HS-2, and BB = Bio-baler
- Operating speeds: Max = maximum, Avg = average, and Min = minimum

Acknowledgements: This research was supported by the Canadian Wood Fibre Centre (CWFC) under the Forestry Innovation Program

Chelsey Greene: c3greene@uwaterloo.ca School of Environment Resources and Sustainability University of Waterloo, Waterloo, Ontario, Can

Truong-Huy Nguyen: huy.nguyen5@mail.mcgill.ca Department of Civil Engineering & Applied Mechanic McGill University, Montreal, Québec, Can

Evan Davies: evan.davies@ualberta.ca Department of Civil and Environmental Engineering University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alberta, Can Miles Dyck : mdyck@ualberta.ca Department of Renewable Resources University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alberta, Can

Natural Resources Ressources naturelles

Canada Martin Blank : martin.blank@canada.ca Natural Resources Canada, Canadian Forest Service, Canadian Wood Fibre Centre, Edmonton, Alberta, Can Richard Krygier: richard.krygier@canada.ca Natural Resources Canada, Canadian Forest Service, Canadian Wood Fibre Centre, Edmonton, Alberta, Can